



**COMPLIANCE
TRAINING ONLINE**

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IMDG, TDG, MSHA, OSHA, and
Canada OHS Regulations and
Safety Online Training**

Since 2008

This document is provided as a training aid
and may not reflect current laws and regulations.

Be sure and consult with the appropriate governing agencies
or publication providers listed in the "Resources" section of our website.

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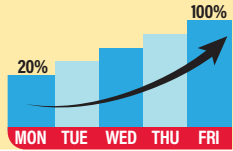


Prevent Heat Illness at Work

Mines can be hot work sites.

Ways to Protect Yourself and Others

Ease into Work. Nearly 3 out of 4 fatalities from heat illness happen during the first week of work.



- ✓ **New and returning** workers need to build tolerance to heat (acclimatize) and take frequent breaks.
- ✓ **Follow the 20% Rule.** On the first day, work no more than 20% of the shift's duration at full intensity in the heat. Increase the duration of time at full intensity by no more than 20% a day until workers are used to working in the heat.



Drink Cool Water

Drink cool water even if you are not thirsty – at least 1 cup every 20 minutes.



Dress for the Heat

Wear a hat and light-colored, loose-fitting, and breathable clothing if possible.



Take Rest Breaks

Take enough time to recover from heat given the temperature, humidity, and conditions.



Watch Out for Each Other

Monitor yourself and others for signs of heat illness.



Find Shade or a Cool Area

Take breaks in a designated shady or cool location.



If Wearing a Respirator

Verbally check on workers frequently if they are wearing a respirator or other personal protective equipment.

First Aid for Heat Illness

The following are signs of a medical emergency!



- Abnormal thinking or behavior
- Slurred speech
- Seizures
- Loss of consciousness

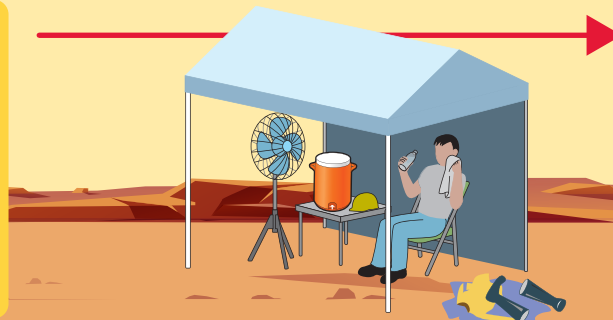
- 1 » **CALL 911 IMMEDIATELY**
- 2 » **COOL THE WORKER RIGHT AWAY WITH WATER OR ICE**
- 3 » **STAY WITH THE WORKER UNTIL HELP ARRIVES**



Watch for any other signs of heat illness and act quickly. When in doubt, call 911.

If a worker experiences:

- Headache or nausea
- Weakness or dizziness
- Heavy sweating or hot, dry skin
- Elevated body temperature
- Thirst
- Decreased urine output



Take these actions:

- » Give water to drink
- » Remove unnecessary clothing
- » Move to a cooler area
- » Cool with water, ice, or a fan
- » Do not leave alone
- » Seek medical care if needed

**For more information: 1-800-321-OSHA (6742)
TTY 1-877-889-5627 www.osha.gov/heat or
1-800-746-1553 <https://www.msha.gov/heat-stress>**

Federal law entitles you to a safe workplace. You have the right to speak up about hazards without fear of retaliation. See www.osha.gov/workers for information about how to file a confidential complaint with OSHA and ask for an inspection.

